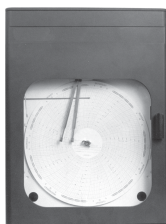


# **Barton® MODEL 202E** **DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE RECORDERS**



User Manual  
 Manual No. 10060, Rev. B  
 05/2004

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## **SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION**

### **General**

The Barton® Model 202E single DP Flow Recorders measure and record system operation parameters including gas and liquid flow rate, liquid level in a vessel, and other system variables that can be measured by differential pressure and static pressure methods.

### **Main Components**

#### **Differential Pressure Unit**

The Barton® Model 199 Differential Pressure Unit (DPU) actuates the recorders. The DPU is a dual bellows assembly enclosed within pressure housings. The bellows are liquid filled and withstand overranges equal to the working pressure of the housing without calibration change. Movement of the bellows is transmitted through a torque tube from the DPU to the recording mechanism. The torque tube is hermetically sealed to eliminate friction and leakage; it does not require lubrication.



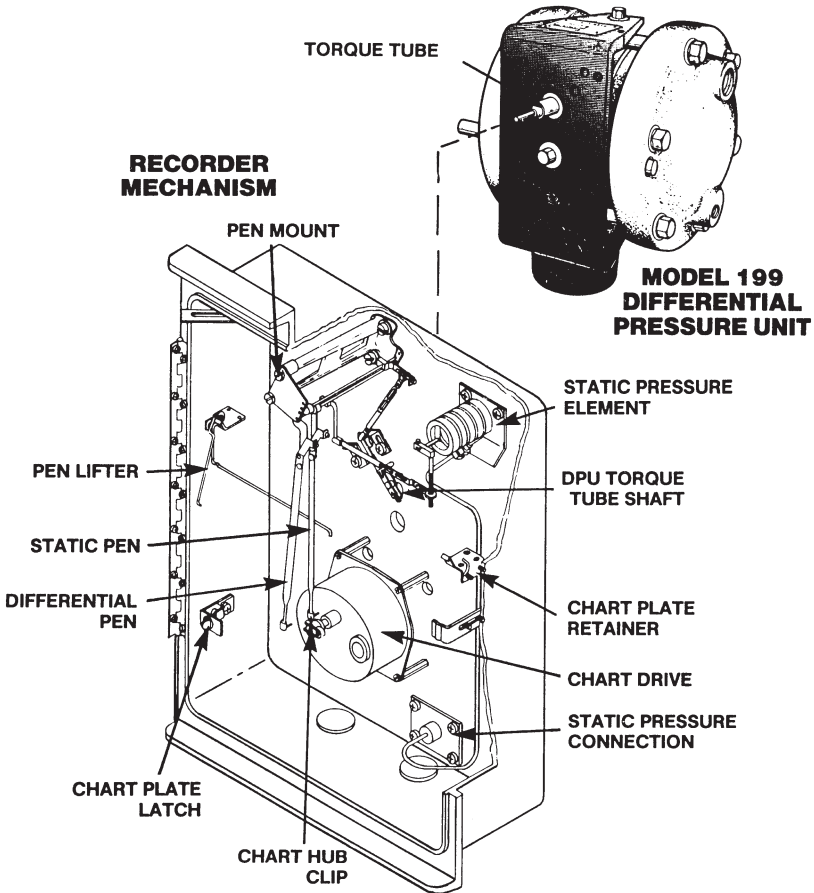
**SAFETY!**

Before installing this instrument, become familiar with the installation instructions in Section 2. WARNING notes that appear on the following pages of this manual should be reviewed before proceeding: 8, 20, 21, 22, and 25.

WARNING notes indicate the presence of a hazard which can cause severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage if warning is ignored.

CAUTION notes indicate the presence of a hazard which can cause moderate personal injury or property damage if warning is ignored.

The DPU is attached to the back of the recorder case. The torque tube is inserted through a hole in the case and connected to the DP drive arm of the recorder mechanism. *Movement of the bellows is transmitted by the DPU drive arm to the **torque tube** as a rotary motion, which in turn rotates the recorder mechanism.* The pressure housings of the DPU are connected by pipe or tubing to the high- and low-pressure sides of the primary device located in the process system.

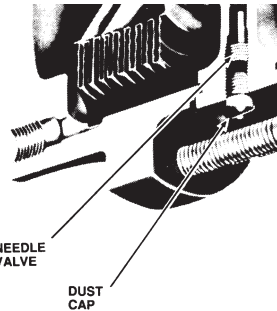


The range of the DPU is determined by the force required to move the bellows through their normal range of travel. The **Range Springs**, which are available in various ranges, balance the DP applied to the unit. The number of springs and their ratings depends on individual DP range requirements. See BUA photos on page 6.

The built-in **Pulsation Dampener** controls the flow of fill-liquid between the high and low pressure bellows, with an externally adjustable needle valve. In applications where pulsation is not a problem, the needle is set to the full open position.

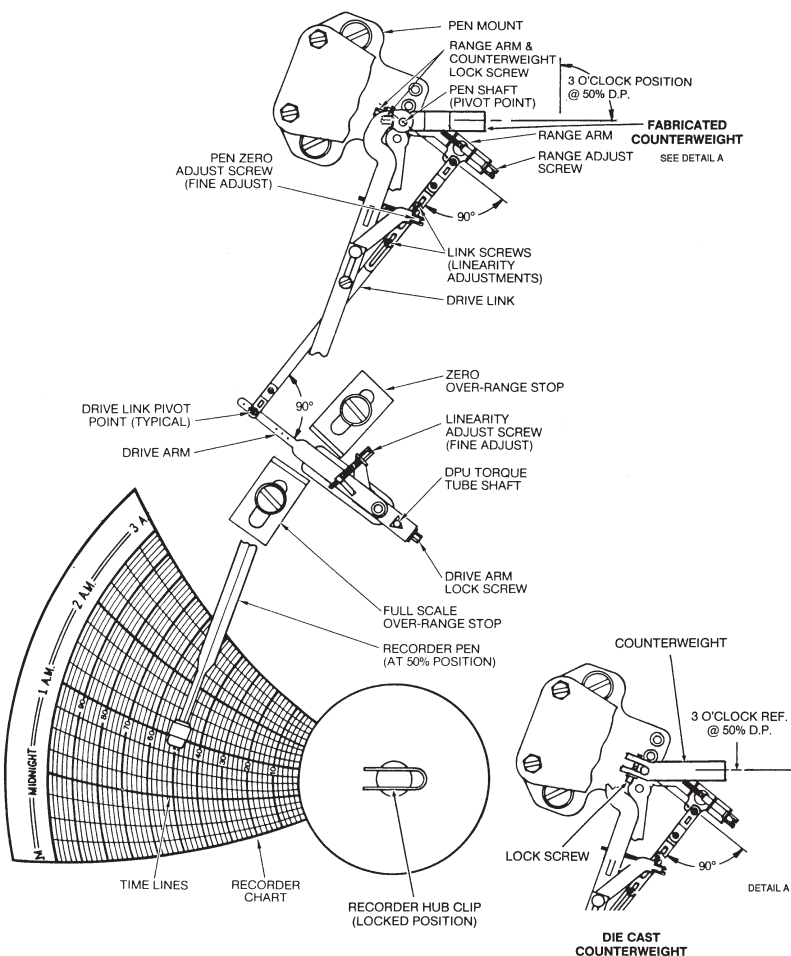
## Adjusting Pulsation Dampener

1. Remove dust cover and insert 1/8 hex key into needle valve.
2. Turn valve clockwise to closed position, approx. 3 turns.
3. Back out valve 1/2 turn, or as required to reduce pulsations or shock pressures.



## Recording Mechanism

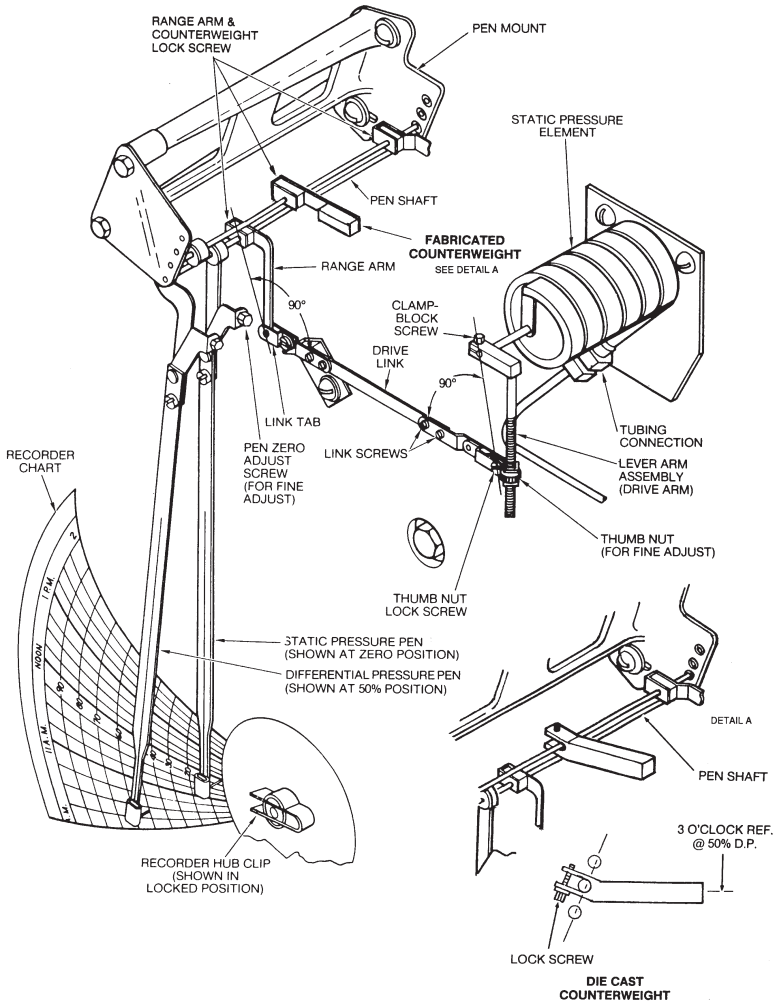
The recording mechanism is a linkage and pen system that permanently records data. It converts mechanical inputs from the DPU and static pressure element to transcribe lines on a revolving chart. All operative parts of the recorder mechanism are made of stainless steel for a longer field life. The pen mount is exceptionally rugged. All lines are adjustable. Screw adjustments for zero, range, and linearity assure fast and accurate calibration. The **DP Pen mechanism** is shown below:



## Static Pressure Element

This element measures static pressure in a piping system from 0 to 30 inches of Hg (mercury) vacuum or from 0 to 10,000 psi. The sensor element is a bourdon tube consisting of a slightly flattened cross-section of tubing coiled into a helix or flat spiral. The outer end of the tubing is sealed and attached to a drive arm, which is attached to the static pressure connection tubing.

The **Static Pen mechanism** is shown below:



The static pressure connection is located on the back of the recorder case. Static pressure introduced through the tubing causes the spiral or helix to unwind. A reduction of pressure within the tubing causes the element to wind more tightly. Sensor elements are available in various alloys for a variety of pressure ranges.

(See *Static Pressure Element Table* on next page.)

## Static Pressure Element Table:

Range		Beryllium Copper Part Number	316 Stainless Steel Steel Part Number	Ni-Span "C" Part Number
0-20 to 0-33	psi	—	—	—
0-34 to 0-65	psi	0044.0028.T	0044.0040.T	0044.0102.T
0-66 to 0-120	psi	—	0044.0035.T	0044.0103.T
0-66 to 0-132	psi	0044.0029.T	—	—
0-121 to 0-180	psi	—	0044.0099.T	0044.0104.T
0-121 to 0-183	psi	—	—	—
0-133 to 0-240	psi	0044.0101.T	—	—
0-181 to 0-272	psi	—	0044.0036.T	0044.0105.T
0-184 to 0-264	psi	—	—	—
0-241 to 0-370	psi	0044.0097.T	—	—
0-265 to 0-390	psi	—	—	—
0-273 to 0-420	psi	—	0044.0044.T	0044.0106.T
0-371 to 0-600	psi	0044.0018.T	—	—
0-391 to 0-600	psi	—	—	—
0-421 to 0-615	psi	—	0044.0041.T	0044.0107.T
0-601 to 0-850	psi	0044.0098.T	—	—
0-616 to 0-850	psi	—	0044.0100.T	0044.0108.T
0-851 to 0-1200	psi	0044.0019.T	0044.0042.T	0044.0109.T
0-1201 to 0-1870	psi	0044.0020.T	0044.0046.T	0044.0110.T
0-1871 to 0-3100	psi	0044.0022.T	0044.0048.T	0044.0111.T
0-3101 to 0-4800	psi	0044.0024.T	0044.0050.T	0044.0112.T
0-4801 to 0-6800	psi	—	0044.0054.T	—
0-4801 to 0-7200	psi	0044.0026.T	—	0044.0113.T

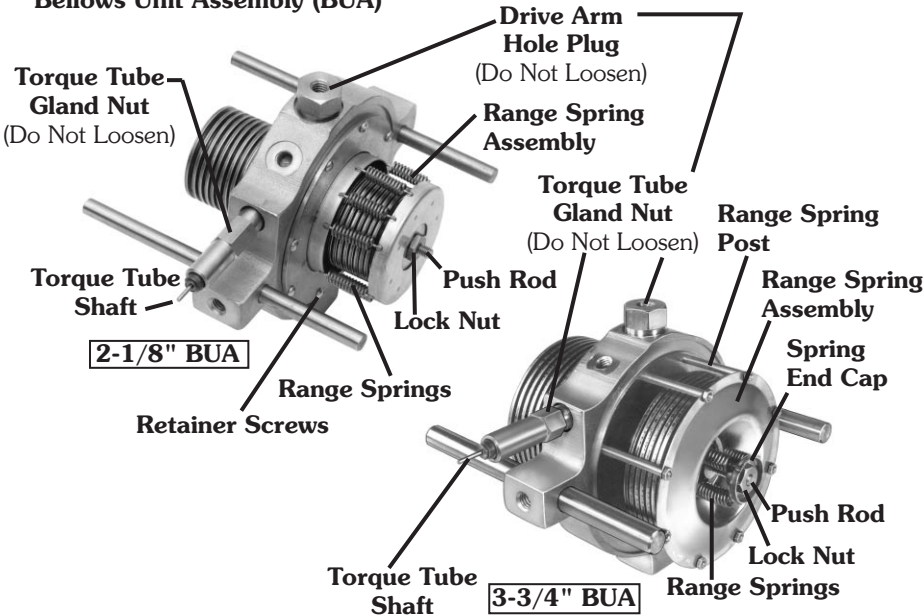
# Chart Drive

Spiral wound chart drives (electrical or mechanical) can be selected to fit a wide variety of chart speeds or time intervals to reduce maintenance time. All chart drives are interchangeable and fitted with a flow recorder hub clip, which locks the chart in place. Explosion proof electrical drives are also available.

Rotation	Spring Wound		
	Lux Wind Part Number	Macnick (8-Day Wind) Part Number	Electric* 110V, 60 Cycle Part Number
96-Minute	—	—	0043.0001.T
2 Hour	0042.0022.T	—	—
3 Hour	0042.0023.T	—	—
4 Hour	0042.0024.T	Consult Factory	—
6 Hour	0042.0025.T	—	—
8 Hour	0042.0026.T	—	0043.0006.T
12 Hour	0042.0027.T	—	0043.0002.T
24 Hour	0042.0015.T	0042.0001.T	0043.0003.T
72 Hour	—	—	0043.0008.T
7 Day	0042.0016.T	Consult Factory	0043.0004.T
8 Day	0042.0030.T	Consult Factory	—
30 Day	—	—	0043.0011.T
24 Hour-96 Minute	0042.0020.T	—	—
24 Hour-7 Day	0042.0017.T	—	—
24 Hour- 8 Day	0042.0031.T	—	—

\*All electric Drive Rotation can be increased 60 times by the use of a 60 RPM motor.

## Bellows Unit Assembly (BUA)



## SECTION 2 - INSTALLATION/CALIBRATION CHECK

### General

The instrument should be inspected at time of unpacking to detect any damage that may have occurred during shipment.

### Standard Practice Considerations

The following practices should be observed upon installation:

1. The distances between the primary device and the DPU should be minimized. Distances exceeding 100 feet are not recommended. For distances up to 50 feet, use 1/4-inch or 2/8-inch pipe or tubing. For runs of 50 to 100 feet, use 1/2-inch pipe or tubing. *The recommended limitation does not apply when an air purge or blow-back system is used.*
2. Slope all piping at least 1-inch/linear foot to avoid liquid or gas entrapment.
3. Provide two feet of uninsulated piping between the DPU and the primary device for each 100°F (+37.8°C) in excess of 200°F (+93.3°C).
4. Assure that the temperature of the DPU never exceeds 180°F (+162°C). When steam tracing is necessary, the steam pressure should not exceed five pounds per square inch and insulation should not be used. If pressure must exceed five pounds per square inch, limit the length of tubing around the DPU to two turns and do not insulate.
5. Install a suitable pulsation dampening device upstream of DPU. Severe pulsation will affect the accuracy of flow measurement. Avoid severe pulsating flows, such as reciprocating pumps or compressors.
6. Mount the DPU on a solid support to minimize vibration. Tighten all points, using a suitable compound. Leaks in piping can cause measurement errors.
7. Rotate the housing as necessary to place the connection in the proper position. The DPU has connections in the pressure housings to accommodate various pipe sizes (See Section 5).
8. Install a valve manifold connecting the DPU and the source of differential pressure to facilitate operation and checking of the DPU.
9. Locate all shutoff and bypass valves so they are accessible from the front of the instrument. Locate block valves at the source of differential pressure.

### Application Considerations

**Flow** — Make sure the DPU high pressure housing is connected to the upstream tap of the primary device. **Note:** To prevent overheating the DPU during blowdown, the operator should monitor the temperature by placing a hand on the pipe between the DPU and the manifold pipe containing the vent valves.

**Liquid Level** — The process media can be used as a reference leg seal fluid when it is of a type that will condense in the reference leg under all conditions. If process or process media characteristics prevent meeting the above requirements, a special reference leg seal fluid will be required. The special seal fluid must not be volatile and must not be miscible with the process media. Also, the difference in the densities of the special seal fluid and the process media will require compensation in calculating the DP range of the DPU.

## WARNING

**Explosion Hazard. No Organic compounds, oil, grease, dirt, or scale of any kind can be tolerated in an oxygen installation.**

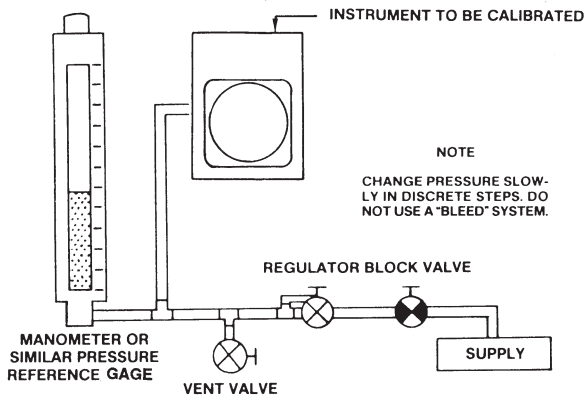
### Calibration Check

**Note:** There should be enough pen pressure to produce a continuous line. The pen should spring free of chart when chart is pushed inward about 1/8-inch. If necessary, adjust pen pressure by bending pen arm in the required direction.

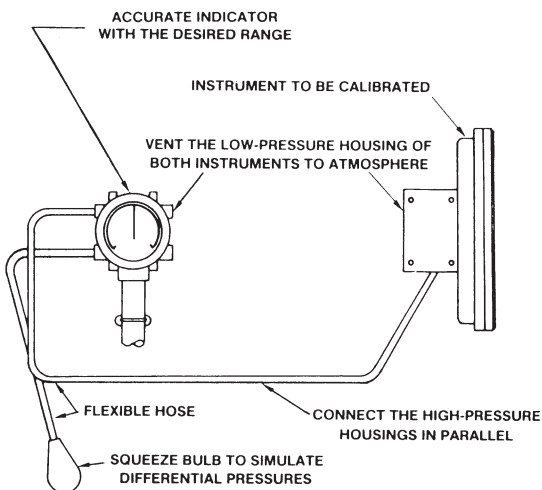
#### A. Differential Pressure Pen

To adjust the instrument to factory set calibration levels:

1. Verify the instrument is positioned approximately level and is securely mounted.
2. Connect the high pressure housing into the calibration setup:



TYPICAL CALIBRATION SETUP



PORTABLE CALIBRATION SETUP

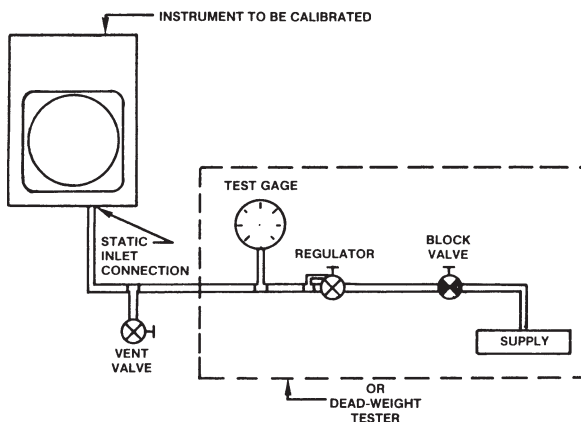


3. Vent the DPU low pressure side to atmosphere by removing one vent plug from the low pressure housing.
4. Remove the dust cap of the pulsation dampener valve, using a regular screwdriver. Open the dampener valve by turning it fully counterclockwise until it stops turning (using a 1/8-inch Allen wrench).
5. Place a recording chart onto the chart plate. Lock the chart into position with the hub clip.
6. Set the pen precisely at zero, using the pen zero adjustment screw.
7. Apply 100% pressure. Verify that the pen moves across scale to the 100% pressure indication.
8. Apply 50% pressure. Verify that the pen indicates 50% pressure on the chart.
9. If the pen does not accurately indicate the pressure being applied, further adjustments are necessary; perform the calibration procedure outlined in DP Pen Calibration on page 13.

#### B. Static Pressure Pen

If the instrument includes a static pressure element, use the following to check the static calibration:

1. Connect the static pressure element into the calibration setup:



2. Release pressure. Set the pen to zero, using the zero adjustment screw.
3. Apply 100% pressure. Verify that the SP pen moves across scale to the 100% pressure indication.
4. Apply 50% pressure. Verify that the SP pen indicates 50% pressure on the chart.
5. If the pen does not accurately indicate the pressure being applied, further adjustments are necessary; perform the calibration procedure outlined in SP Pen Calibration on page 17.

## Recorder Mounting

### Notes

*Before installation, perform a calibration check (page 8). Do not place unit near vents or bleed holes that discharge corrosive vapors or gases. Do not apply wrench/bar pressure to recorder case. All fittings must be leaktight. All tubing must be secure to minimize vibration. Mount the instrument as level as possible.*

1. Flush Mounting
  - a. Cut opening in panel to the dimensions shown in Section 5.
  - b. Drill out pilot holes located on top and bottom of case. Use a No. 1 (0.288) drill. Limit drill penetration and remove chips.
  - c. Attach mounting brackets to case bottom with supplied self-tapping screws.
  - d. Slide case (from front of panel) into the panel cutout.
  - e. Attach remaining mounting bracket and install panel mounting screws.
2. Pipe Mounting
  - a. Place a suitable length of 2-inch pipe into a well-secured floor or wall flange; or attach the 2-inch pipe to existing pipe with a saddle that is fitted with a 2-inch NPT outlet.
  - b. Thread the DPU onto the pipe, orient the instrument (with wrench or bar applied to the DPU bracket only), and tighten retaining screws.

## Piping

Connect the pressure element to system pressure using tubing or pipe. Pressure connection on outside of recorder case is 1/4-inch NPT, female.

## Electrical Connections

Two knockouts are on the bottom of the case. One knockout is on the back of the case to accommodate conduit clamping connections, through which wiring is fed to the terminal strip. The terminal strip is below the chart drive motor. The standard electrical power supply requirement is 110 VAC, 60 Hz (50 Hz wiring available upon request).

## Chart Installation

Perform the following steps to install the chart:

1. Open the recorder door and release the chart lock (on chart drive hub).
2. Raise the pen lifter arm and slide the chart between the pen(s) and the chart plate. Insert the chart in the chart guides in the chart plate, and locate the hole in the chart onto the chart hub. Place the pressure chart onto the chart hub. Then, lower the pen lifter arm and position the chart to place the pen(s) on the desired chart time line.
3. Secure the chart in place with the chart hub lock.

## Startup

**Note:** Be careful not to subject the DPU to unnecessary shock or overrange pressure during operations.

1. Always start with the block valves closed. **Note:** Do not perform a zero check with only one block valve closed. If seal pots are used, some of the sealing fluid will be lost or displaced. In gas service, a standard wave effect may occur that will displace the zero reading.

2. Perform a **zero check** on the instrument, per the following:

**For Gas Service:**

- a. Verify the instrument is mounted approximately level and is properly connected to the pressure source.
- b. Tighten process connections to each DPU housing. Check manifold and piping for leaks:
  - 1) Close shutoff valves, open the equalizer or bypass valve(s), and then slowly open one shutoff valve to pressurize the instrument.
  - 2) When system is pressurized, close both valves opened in Step 1.
  - 3) Any leakage will be indicated by pen movement, up or down the scale. If leakage is indicated, check all manifold and piping joints. Tighten as necessary.
  - 4) Repeat Steps b.1) through b.3) until no pen movement occurs.
- c. The pen should indicate zero. If it does not indicate zero, check for gas or liquid entrapment in the lines or in the DPU (depending upon orientation of piping and service). If no entrapment is found, set the pen to zero using the pen zero adjustment screw.
- d. Close equalizer valve and observe the pen:
  - 1) If zero, no further check is needed.
  - 2) If upscale, a leak may exist on the low pressure side. Check and tighten connections.
  - 3) If downscale, a leak may exist on the high pressure side. Check and tighten connections.
  - 4) If still slightly off, make a fine adjustment using the pen zero adjustment screw.

**For Liquid Service:**

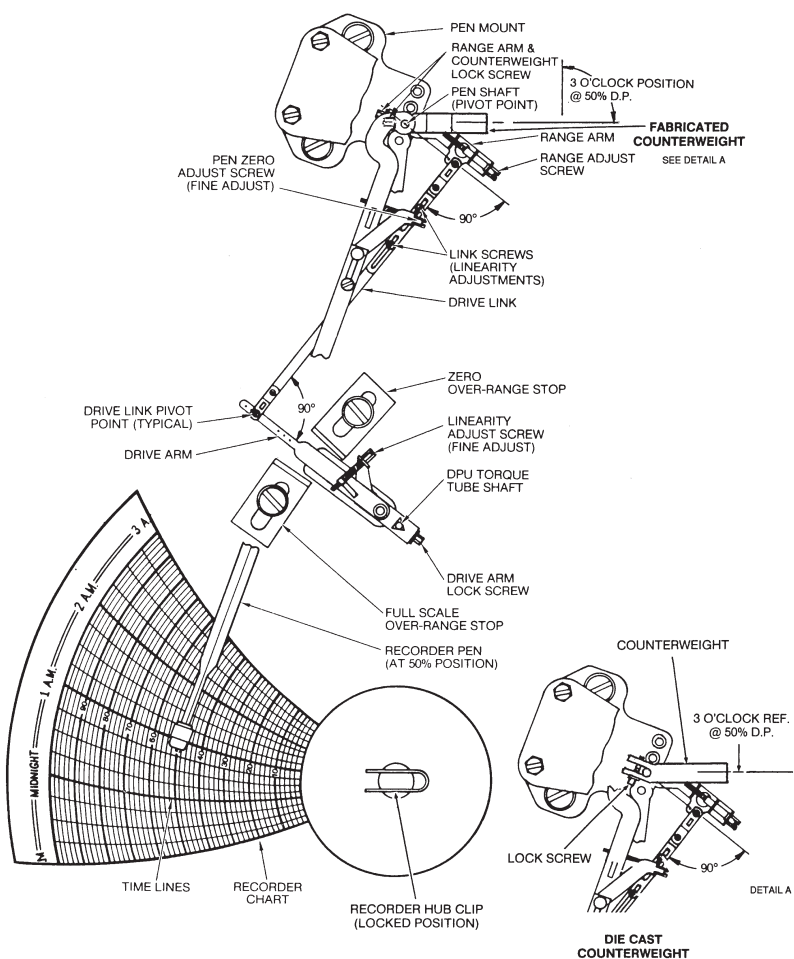
- a. Fill service lines with process fluid. Vent and bleed each side of the DPU before tightening the vent plugs.
  - b. Perform Steps 2.a. through 2.d. in **For Gas Service** procedure above.
  - c. Open shutoff valve. Leave the equalizer valve closed. Flow recorder is now operational.
3. Adjust the dampener valve as required.

**Operation**

To place the instrument into operation:

1. Turn on the drive.
2. Verify that the pen has ink and is in contact with chart.
3. Turn on pressure to the recorder.

## 12



## SECTION 3 - MAINTENANCE AND CALIBRATION

### **Required Tools**

#### **Tool**

1/2-inch Open-End Wrench

Modified Box/Open-End

7/16-inch Wrench

Torque Wrench (100 ft/lbs)

Screwdriver

#### **Purpose**

Pushrod - Bellows Cup Connection

Kickoff Spring Lock Nut

Pressure Housing Bolts

Bracket Screws

### **Maintenance**

Generally, Barton recorders require no maintenance other than replacement of the chart, replenishment of the ink, winding of the spring-wound chart drives, and occasional calibration. In addition, the operator should periodically check the door seal for wear and the pressure fittings for tightness.

### **Differential Pressure Pen Calibration** (Refer to page 12)

To calibrate the DP pen:

1. Make sure chart plate is on same plane and flush with hub flange. The chart must be flat with the hub locked. Also, make sure the pens and pen arms are correctly connected and that they do not interfere with one another.
2. With a chart locked into place, move the pen from zero to full span and back to ensure that the pen travels along the time line. If adjustments are needed: loosen the two pen mount screws, adjust the pen mount position until the pen follows the time line, then tighten the pen mount screws.
3. Disconnect the differential pressure drive link from the range arm. Move both differential and static pressure pens to full span. Adjust the static pen so that pens are approximately 7-15 minutes apart by adjusting the static pen arm mounting location on the pen arm shaft assembly. Move both pens to the 50% indicating position. Ensure that the pens don't interfere with one another. Adjust static pens as necessary; do not alter the differential pressure pen once it has been adjusted to the time line.
4. Assure that there is enough pen pressure against the chart to produce a continuous line. If necessary, adjust the pen pressure by bending the arm in the required direction.
5. Unlock the flow recorder hub clip. Remove the chart and chart plate.

**Note** — Prepare a calibration chart by cutting a chart into the wedge shape and gluing it to a piece of similarly shaped cardboard of stiffener. This allows calibration of the pens and permits access to the flow recorder mechanism when linkage adjustments are necessary.

6. Mount a calibration chart onto the flow recorder hub. Lock the chart in place. Move overrange stops out of play.

**Notice** — Verify that all linkage is free. Adjust range arm and drive arm at precisely the same distance back of the case. Adjust the lever arm and pen zero adjust screws to their midpoints all 90° midscale linkage angles must be measured.

7. Apply 50% differential pressure to the high-pressure side. Arrange the differential pressure linkage as shown on page 12. Set a 90° angle between the drive arm and link. By varying the length of the link, set a 90° angle between the range arm and link. Slip the range arm to 50% on the chart.
8. Remove pressure. The pen should indicate zero. If the pen deviates less than 10% from zero in either direction, perform fine adjustment by using the pen zero adjust screw (refer to page 12) and proceed to step 8.b. If the pen deviates more than 10% from zero, make adjustments as follows:
  - a. Rotate pen arm and shaft by gripping the range arm and forcing (or slipping) the pen until it indicates zero. The pen arm and shaft should rotate at the range arm pivot point without loosening the range arm lock screw.
  - b. Apply 100% pressure. Make the necessary adjustment by turning the range arm adjust screw counterclockwise if the pen is slightly underranged and clockwise if the pen is slightly overranged. Repeat zero and 100% adjustments until calibration at these points is achieved.
  - c. Apply 50% pressure. The pen should be on the 50% chart line. If the pen is low, lengthen the linkage to make a correction 40 times as great in the low direction. Adjust the pen to 50% as in step 8.a. (refer to page 12). If the pen is high, shorten the linkage to make a correction 40 times as great in the high direction. Adjust the pen to 50% as in step 8.a. Assure all linkage screws are retightened.
9. Repeat step 8 until calibration of all three points (0, 50, and 100% indication) is achieved. To assure accuracy, a nine-point calibration check (1, 24, 50, 74, and 100% ascending and descending) must be run.

## **Adding Counterweight to #2 Pen (DP)** (Refer to page 12)

### A. Fabricated Counterweight

For 3 or 4 Pen Flow Recorders:

1. Disconnect the drive link from the range arm.
2. Remove the #2 pen from the pen mount (note approximate position from range arm).
3. Remove the range arm from the shaft, and slip the counterweight to about mid point. Position approximately as shown on page 12 and secure in place. Replace the range arm to approximate position (note step 2) and secure in place.
4. Reassemble in pen mount and prepare for calibration.

For 2 Pen Flow Recorders:

1. Disconnect the drive link from the range arm.
2. Remove the #2 pen from the pen mount.
3. Slip the counterweight over the shaft in front of the pen (shaft length is approximately 9/16") and position approx. as shown on page 12 and secure in place.
4. Reassemble in pen mount and prepare for calibration.

### B. Die Cast Counterweight

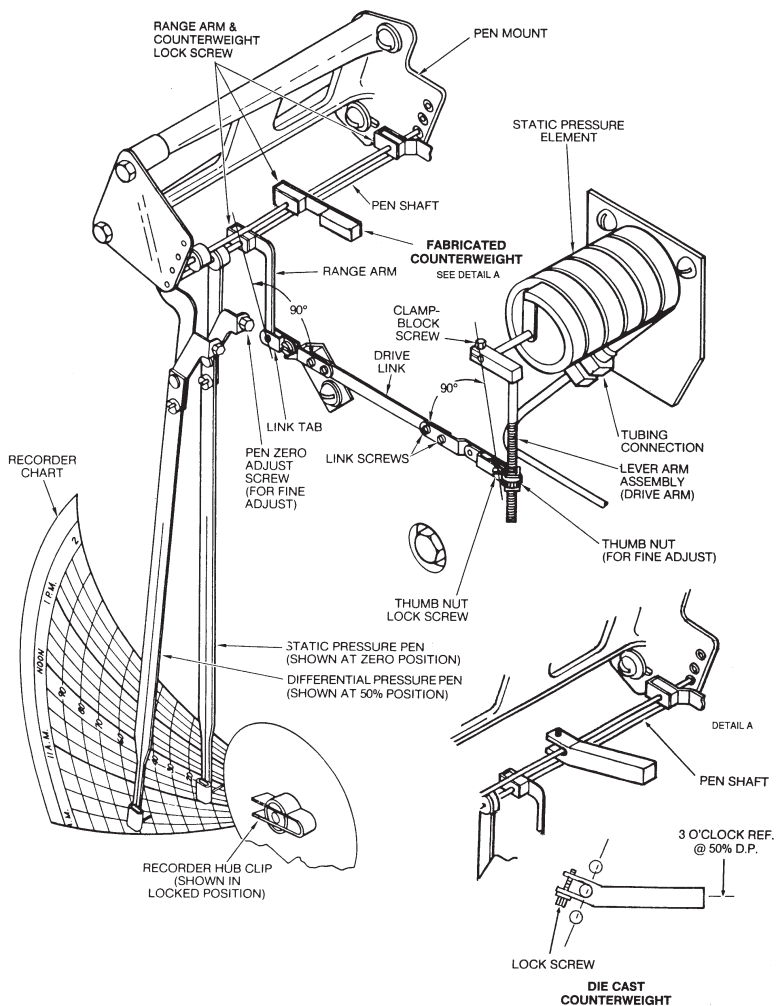
These counterweights slip over the pen shaft without disassembly. This is applicable to a 2 pen or 3 pen assembly:

1. Remove lock screw from counterweight.
2. Slip over #2 shaft at any convenient location. Replace lock screw carefully, orienting the counterweight in the position shown on page 12.  
**Note:** The counterweight is die cast zinc, subject to bending if too much torque is applied to the lock screw.

### C. Calibration

1. After removal of the range arm, complete recalibration is required. In the previous section CALIBRATION OF DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE PEN, include step 7: set the counterweight to the 3 o'clock position shown on page 12 with the differential set at 50%.
2. After the addition of the counterweight in front of the DP (#2) pen, apply 50% differential and set the counterweight at the 3 o'clock position.  
1-5. The addition of the counterweight causes a zero offset, but has little effect on span. Reset zero, check span and adjust as necessary.
3. After addition of the die cast counterweight, orient to 3 o'clock position at 50% differential as shown on page 12. Reset zero and check span. Adjust as necessary for proper calibration.

## SP Pen Mechanism





## **Static Pressure Pen Calibration** (Refer to page 16)

To calibrate the static pressure pen and associated linkage, proceed as follows:

1. Adjust the static range arm and drive arm at precisely the same distance from the back of the case.
2. Place static drive link in the fourth hole from the pen shaft of the range arm.
3. Adjust static pressure linkage to form 90° angles between the drive link (see above illustration) and pivot points of the associated linkage, as follows:
  - a. Apply 50% static pressure, center thumb nut on the drive arm, and arrange static linkage as shown on page 16.
  - b. Set a 90° angle between drive arm & link. Tighten clamp block screw.
  - c. Vary the length of link to get a 90° angle between range arm and link.
  - d. Slip the range arm on pen shaft to 50% on chart.

**Notice** — *Verify that all linkage is free. Adjust range arm and drive arm at precisely the same distance back of the case. Adjust the lever arm and pen zero adjust screws to their midpoints all 90° midscale linkage angles must be measured.*

4. Release pressure and reset the pen to zero indication, using pen zero adjust screw for fine adjustment (10% or less). For major adjustments (more than 10%), loosen range arm lock screw and slip the pen to zero on chart and retighten lock screw.

**Note** — *It may be necessary to raise or lower the pivot point of the drive link on the range arm, as in step 3. If counterclockwise movement of thumb nut (step 5) does not increase span sufficiently, move the pivot pin up to next pivot hole; if clockwise, movement of the thumb nut does not decrease span sufficiently, move pivot pin down to the next pivot hole.*

5. Apply 100% pressure and observe the pen. Make the necessary adjustments by turning the drive arm thumb nut counterclockwise if the pen is slightly underranged and clockwise if the pen is slightly overranged. Repeat zero and 100% adjustment until calibration at these two points is achieved.
6. Repeat steps 3, 4, and 5 until full scale calibration is obtained.
7. Apply 50% pressure and observe pen indication.
  - a. If pen indicates high or low, adjust drive link to make a correction approximately 40 times the error — in the direction of the error.
  - b. Reset the pen to the 50% line by slipping the pen shaft at the range arm pivot point.
  - c. Repeat this step (7), as necessary.
8. Release pressure and reset the pen to zero indication, using pen zero adjust screw for precise adjustment.
9. Repeat steps 4 through 8 until calibration of zero, linearity, and span (0%, 50%, and 100% indication) is achieved.
10. Assure range arm lock screws, thumb nut lock screw, and link screws are tight.
11. Reconnect the DP link and range arm.
12. Unlock the recorder hub clip and remove temporary calibration chart.
13. Replace the chart plate by sliding it into the chart plate retainer brackets and engaging each side into the chart plate latches.

## Static Pressure Element Replacement

If the static pressure element needs replacement, proceed as follows:

1. Close all valves and turn off the power switch to the recorder.
2. Separate the drive link arm by opening the link table and disengaging the pivot pin from the clamp.
3. Loosen the clamp block screw on the lever arm assembly and separate the drive arm from the static pressure element shaft.
4. Disconnect the tubing from the static pressure element at the tubing connection (refer to page 16).
5. Remove the mounting screws from the static pressure element and discard the damaged element.
6. Install the new element, using the old mounting screws.
7. Connect tubing to the element at the tubing connection.
8. Assemble the lever arm assembly onto the static pressure element shaft; do not tighten the clamp block screw yet.
9. Connect the drive link to the drive arm by engaging the pivot pin and locking the link tab into place.
10. Align the static pressure linkage (range arm, drive link, and drive arm) so that it lies in the same plane without binding or bending.
11. Tighten clamp block screw.
12. Calibrate in accordance with the procedure outlined in SP Pen Calibration on page 17.

## Chart Drive Replacement

To replace the chart drive, proceed as follows:

1. Release the pressure to the recorder.
2. Turn off the chart drive.
3. Raise the pen lifter and remove the chart and chart plate.
4. Remove chart drive mounting screws and remove chart drive.
5. Position new chart drive at the back of recorder case and attach with mounting screws.
6. Replace chart plate and chart. Lower the pen to the recording position.
7. Check the time line on first pen from chart, zero, and span elements.

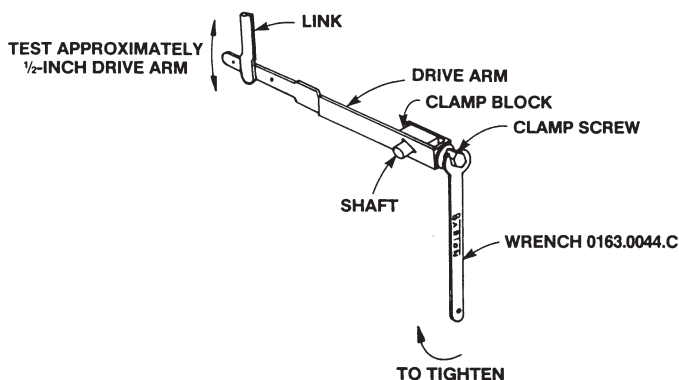
## Linkage Adjustments (see linkage illustration on page 19)

- A. Range Arm and Drive Arm Lock Screws:

**Note:** Tightening lock screws fingertight is often not tight enough, but tightening them more than a full turn often breaks them.

1. Tighten the lock screw until snug.
2. Hold the drive arm at the clamp block by hand or with a 1/4-inch open wrench. If a wrench is used, place it between the torque tube shaft and the lock screw, taking care not to damage the torque tube shaft or bearing. (In the case of the range arm lock screw, place the wrench between the shaft and lock screw.)
3. Tighten the lock screw 1/3 to 1/2 turn beyond snug.

#### A. Range Arm and Drive Arm Lock Screws (Continued)



4. Test for tightness by moving free end of drive arm approximately 1/2-inch in either direction. Drive arm should spring back without yielding.

#### B. Overrange Stops Adjustment (Refer to pages 2 and 12)

**Note** — Prepare a calibration chart by cutting a chart into the wedge shape shown on page 12 and gluing it to a piece of similarly shaped cardboard of stiffener. This allows calibration of the pens and permits access to the flow recorder mechanism when linkage adjustments are necessary.

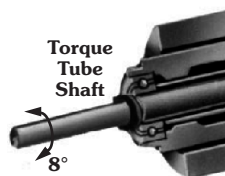
Overrange stops may be adjusted to prevent the pen from excessive overtravel (check for interference at zero and full span), per the following:

1. Unlock the flow recorder hub clip. Remove the chart.
2. Remove the chart plate by disengaging the chart plate latches on both sides and sliding the chart plate retainer brackets.
3. Mount a calibration chart onto the flow recorder hub and lock in place.
4. Loosen the screws on zero and full scale overrange stops.
5. Vent the DPU low-pressure housing. Apply sufficient pressure to the high-pressure housing to move the pen approximately 3/8-inch above 100% indication.
6. Position the zero overrange stop so that it contacts the drive arm.
7. Tighten the zero scale overrange stop screw.
8. Apply sufficient pressure to the DPU low-pressure housing to move the pen approximately 3/8-inch below zero indication.
9. Position the full scale overrange stop so it is in contact with drive arm.
10. Tighten the full scale overrange stop screw.
11. Unlock the flow recorder hub clip. Remove temporary calibration chart.
12. Replace the chart plate by sliding it into the chart plate retainer brackets and engaging each side into the chart plate latches.
13. Install a regular recorder chart and lock it into place with chart hub clip.
14. Check the pens to make sure that they touch the chart; if necessary, straighten pens by sliding them between two fingers and curling in and out.

## **DPU Replacement**

Before installing a replacement DPU, the new DPU should be checked for proper torque tube rotation:

1. Mount the DPU on a suitable pipe stand and connect to a standard pressure source.
2. Adapt a graduated degree scale to torque tube housing.
3. Adapt a pointer to exposed end of the torque shaft.
4. Apply 100 percent differential pressure to the high-pressure housing of the DPU. The pointer attached to the torque tube shaft should indicate 8 degrees of travel.



## **DPU Cleaning and Inspection**

### **WARNING**

**(HIGH-PRESSURE GAS INSTALLATIONS AND PRESSURES GREATER THAN 200 PSIG)**

**HIGH-PRESSURE GAS HAZARD ON DISASSEMBLY OF THE DPU. BEFORE REMOVING THE DPU HOUSING BOLTS, PERFORM THE PRESSURE CHECK PROCEDURE (See STEP “A” below).**

**Notice** – If accumulation of solids or semi-solids is extensive, remove the housings carefully to prevent damaging the bellows.

### **A. Pressure Check Procedure**

#### **WARNING**

**FAILURE TO PERFORM THIS PROCEDURE CAN RESULT IN SEVERE INJURY, DEATH OR SUBSTANTIAL PROPERTY DAMAGE DUE TO THE RELEASE OF INTERNAL PRESSURE.**

This procedure should be performed prior to removing the DPU housing bolts, if the DPU has been installed in gas applications with working pressures greater than 200 psig.

1. Back off all housing bolts 4 turns.
2. Check for internal pressure by attempting to move the housing in and out along the bolts.
  - a. If the housing moves freely – no pressure is present – servicing or repair may continue.
  - b. If the housing does not move freely – the bellows may be pressurized and is potentially hazardous if further disassembled.

Tighten the bolts and return the unit to the factory or authorized NuFlo service center for repair.

Tag the unit and specify “Gas in Bellows”.

### **B. Cleaning/Inspection Procedure**

Instruments used where solids or semi-solids may accumulate inside the pressure housings require periodic inspection and cleaning, as follows.

1. Remove the DPU from service and remove the pressure housings.
2. Carefully remove the pressure housings from the bellows unit assembly.

## CAUTION

**IF THE ACCUMULATION OF MATERIAL INSIDE THE HOUSING IS EXTENSIVE, RAPID REMOVAL OF THE HOUSING MAY DAMAGE THE BELLOWS CONVOLUTIONS.**

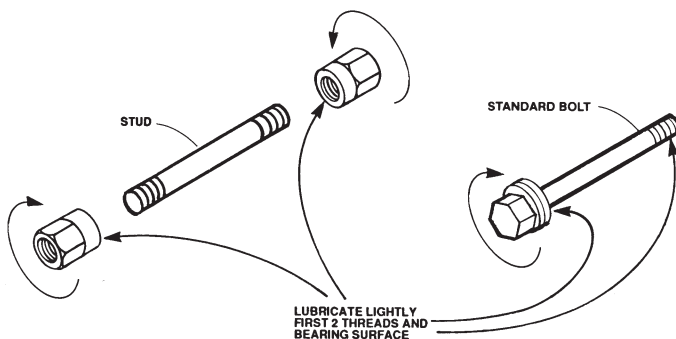
3. Remove the accumulation from between the bellows convolutions and from the inside of the housings. Use a solvent if possible. Do not use a sharp instrument to clean between convolutions.
4. Assure that there are no broken range springs.
5. Replace the housings and O-rings.
6. Set the pressure housing bolts to the **TORQUE VALUES** listed below:

Housing		Bolt				Lube (Note 1)	Torque Lb/Ft (Note 2)	Rotation Degrees (Note 3)
SWP	Mat'l.	Mat'l.	Size	Qty.	Part No.			
1000	SST Alum.	Steel	3/8-16 x 4.2	12 6	0199.1345.C	Yes	40 40	180 270
2500 3000	Steel	Steel	1/2-13 x 5.5	6 8	0199.0085.C	Yes	95	180
3000	SST	Steel	1/2-13 x 5.5	12	0199.0085.C	Yes	80	180
4500	Steel	Steel	1/2-13 x 5.5	12	0199.0085.C	Yes	95	180
6000	Steel SST	Steel	1/2-20 x 6	12	0199.1346.C	Yes	105	180
		Steel Nut	1/2-20	12	0199.1002.C	Yes	105	180 (Note 4)
		Steel Stud	1/2-20 x 6.6	12	0199.1001.C	Yes	105	180
		Steel Nut	1/2-20	24	0199.1002.C	Yes	105	180 (Note 4)

### NOTES:

- (1) Lubricants: Molykote G paste, Teflon-base pipe dope, graphite-base grease, or similar lubricants. Lube first 2 threads only.
- (2) Torque on bolts is accomplished in 3 or 4 steps. Tighten **UNIFORMLY**.
- (3) Rotation of bolt head is measured after bolt is "snug", with approximately 5 lb/ft torque. **DO NOT EXCEED THIS ROTATION.** To tighten bolts without torque wrench, use rotation values.
- (4) Rotation reference for bolt with nut is the sum total of bolt head plus nut, or total of 2 nuts.

### ROTATION OF HEAD BOLT AND NUTS WHEN TIGHTENING



## **Range Change**

Changing the range of the Model 199 DPU requires replacing the bellows unit assembly with a unit of the desired range (see BUA Replacement, page 25).

### **WARNING**

#### **(HIGH-PRESSURE GAS INSTALLATIONS)**

#### **(PRESSURES GREATER THAN 200 PSI)**

#### **HIGH-PRESSURE GAS HAZARD ON DISASSEMBLY OF THE DPU. BEFORE REMOVING THE DPU HOUSING BOLTS, PERFORM THE PRESSURE CHECK PROCEDURE**

**(See Cleaning and Inspection on page 20).**

**NOTE** — The calibration range of the DPU was carefully set at the factory. The following procedure maintains the original factory bellows travel setting while the range spring change is performed. **This procedure must be strictly followed while changing the range spring assembly or altering the adjustment.**

To replace the range spring assembly with either a new assembly of the same range or one with a different range value, proceed as follows (this procedure assumes that the DPU is either connected to an indicating instrument or fitted with a scale and pointer to measure torque tube shaft movement):

#### **A. 2-1/8-Inch Diameter Bellows**

1. Remove the DPU from service .
2. Remove the pressure housing bolts and the low-pressure housing.
3. With the pointer at zero, remove the spring retainer screw, retainer springs, and the range spring assembly.

**NOTE** — The pointer will shift from zero. This is a normal action and the pointer should not be readjusted at this point.

4. Install the new range spring assembly onto the push rod, and replace the spring retainer screw.
5. If the pointer is set above zero, rotate the spring adjustment clockwise until the pointer is set at zero. If the pointer is below zero rotate the spring adjustment counterclockwise until the pointer is set at zero.
6. Replace and tighten the lock nut. If the pointer shifts from zero, loosen the lock nut and reset the pointer as in step 5. Tighten the lock nut.
7. Replace the low-pressure housing and bolts (new gaskets are recommended). Use the torque values listed on page 21.
8. Calibrate in accordance with the technical manual for the actuated instrument.

#### **B. 3-3/4-Inch Diameter Bellows Without Kickoff Spring (above 50-inches w.c.)**

1. Remove the instrument from service.
2. Remove the pressure housing bolts and the low-pressure housing.
3. With the pointer set at zero, remove the lock nut retainer nuts, and the range spring assembly. To remove the range spring assembly, rotate the assembly counterclockwise while pulling outward on the assembly.

**NOTE** — The pointer will shift from zero. This is a normal action and the pointer should not be readjusted at this point.

B. 3-3/4-Inch Diameter Bellows Without Kickoff Spring (Continued)

4. Thread the new assembly onto the push rod, and align the holes in the range spring assembly with the spring posts. Replace and tighten the retainer nuts.
5. Using a spanner wrench, rotate the spring adjustment until the pointer is set at exact zero. Replace and tighten the lock nut. The pointer must remain at the zero setting. If the pointer shifts from zero, loosen the lock nut and repeat this step.
6. Replace the low-pressure housing and bolts (new gaskets are recommended). Use the torque values listed on page 21.
7. Calibrate in accordance with the technical manual for the actuated instrument.

C. 3-3/4-Inch Diameter Bellows With Kickoff ("anti-stick") Spring

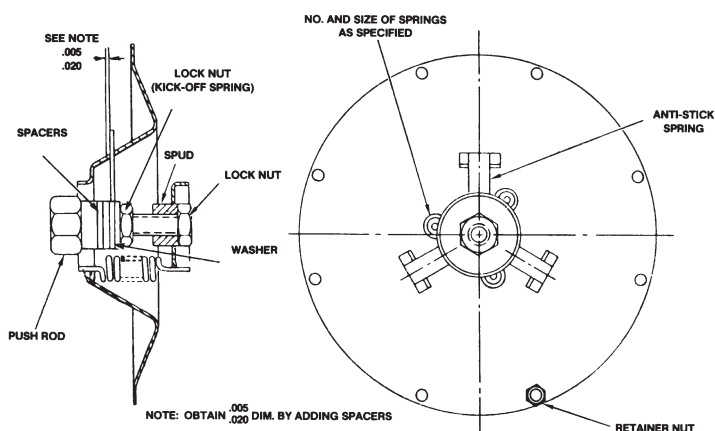
**NOTE** — The kickoff spring is supplied with the 0-40" w.c. and lower range DPUs as standard equipment. It is optional with 0-50" w.c. DPUs.

1. Remove the instrument from service. Set the pointer (or pen) at zero, using the instrument zero adjustment.
2. Remove the pressure housing bolts and remove the low-pressure housing.
3. With the pointer set at zero, remove the lock nut, four spring retainer nuts, washer and lock nut, and range spring assembly.

**NOTE** — The pointer will shift from zero. This is a normal action and the pointer should not be readjusted at this time.

4. Install the range spring assembly, using a 1/2-inch open-ended wrench to connect the push rod to the low-pressure bellows cup.

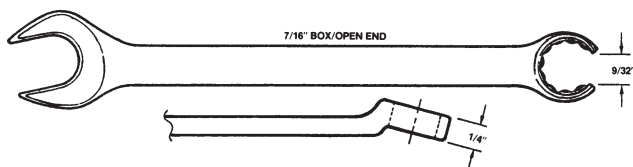
**NOTE** — The range spring assembly consists of the range springs, kickoff spring assembly, and the push rod. The assembly is furnished as a complete and assembled unit.



5. Position the range spring assembly over the retainer posts and replace the retainer nuts.

6. Insert the tubing between the range springs and tighten the inboard lock nut.
7. Zero the pointer by adjusting the spud on the push rod. Be sure that the kickoff spring is not engaged during this operation.
8. Position the kickoff spring to prevent interference with the coil springs and tighten the kickoff spring lock nut. If clearance is needed for the wrench during this operation, note the position of the spud (measure with a scale or count threads to the end of the push rod) and move the spud for the required clearance. After the lock nut is tightened, return the spud to the original position.

**NOTE** — The lock nut requires a special wrench for tightening. See illustration below for information on how to modify a 7/16-inch, 12 point box wrench:



9. Check the back-clearance between the kickoff spring and the slot. Use a wire feeler gage or comparable measuring device. The clearance will vary between each individual slot but must be at least 0.005-inch for any one slot to prevent interference with instrument zero. Add or remove washers as required to obtain the proper clearance. Tighten the lock nut securely.
10. Install the jam nut and lock the spud to the push rod. Hold with pliers. If the spud was moved in step 9, return the spud to the proper position before tightening the jam nut.
11. Apply 100 percent negative pressure to the high-pressure side of the DPU and repeat the clearance check and adjustment of step 9.
12. Apply 100 percent positive pressure to the high-pressure side of the DPU and repeat the clearance check and adjustment of step 9.
13. Release all pressure from the instrument and replace the low-pressure housing. Use new gaskets.
14. Replace the housing bolts. Use the torque values listed on page 21.

### **Setting Bellows Travel**

The travel of the DPU bellows must be adjusted if one of the following occurs.

1. The range spring assembly is removed without following the procedure.
2. Broken range springs are replaced.
3. The indicator pointer has excessive overtravel.
4. The indicator pointer has excessive undertravel.

To set the bellows travel requires that the DPU be attached to the actuated instrument and connected to a test pressure source. The procedure for this adjustment is presented in the technical manual of the actuated instrument.



**WARNING**

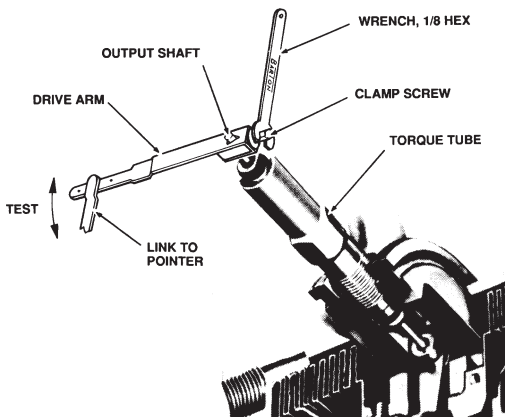
**(HIGH-PRESSURE GAS INSTALLATIONS AND PRESSURES GREATER THAN 200 PSI)**

**HIGH-PRESSURE GAS HAZARD ON DISASSEMBLY OF THE DPU. BEFORE REMOVING THE DPU HOUSING BOLTS, PERFORM THE PRESSURE CHECK PROCEDURE ON PAGE 20).**

**NOTES** — Support the DPU during disassembly. Do not loosen the drive arm hold plug located in the top of the BUA center plate, when removing the mounting bracket. If the plug is loosened, the bellows fill fluid will be lost.

The reference designations (#) relate to 199 Parts Drawing on page 37.

1. Disconnect the DPU piping and remove the instrument from service.
2. Loosen the actuated instrument drive arm and slide off of the torque tube shaft. Do not disconnect the instrument linkage.
3. Remove the four case-retaining screws and remove the case assembly.
4. Remove three mounting bracket screws and remove bracket (18).
5. Remove the pressure housings bolts and pressure housings (26).
6. Place the pressure housings (26) on the replacement bellows unit assembly (1) and insert and start (only) the pressure housing bolts.
7. Attach the case mounting bracket (18) to the replacement assembly, using three mounting bracket screws.
8. Support the DPU and tighten and torque the pressure housing bolts to the specifications listed on page 21.
9. Attach the case assembly using four case retaining screws.
10. Attach linkage to DPU torque tube shaft.
  - a. Tighten clamp screw until “snug.”
  - b. Tighten further, 1/3 to 1/2 turn of screw.
  - c. Test by moving end of drive arm, approx. 1/2”.
11. Replace/adjust components removed or moved to gain access to DPU case mounting screws.
12. Calibrate the instrument before returning it to service.



## SECTION 4 - TROUBLESHOOTING

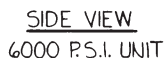
### *Recorder Troubleshooting Table*

Problem	Possible Sources	Probable Cause	Corrective Action
Low or No Indication	Mechanism	Loose links or movements	Tighten or replace
		Out of Calibration	Recalibrate
		Corrosion or dirt in mechanism	Clean or replace
		Pen arm loose	Tighten
	Pen arm	Pen arm bent	Straighten or replace pen arm
High Indication	Mechanism	Loose links or movements	Tighten or replace
		Out of calibration	Recalibrate
Erratic Indication	Mounting	Excessive vibration	Secure the means of mounting
	Mechanism	Linkage dragging or dirty	Adjust or clean
		Excessive pen pressure on chart	Adjust
No Chart Rotation	Fuse	Fuse Blown	Check and Replace Fuse
	Chart Drive	Electric drive not turned on	Turn on Chart Drive
		Clock motor not wound	Wind Chart Drive
		Defective Drive	Replace Drive
Wrong Chart Speed	Chart Hub Lock	Lock not latched	Latch Hub Lock
	Chart Drive	Wrong Chart Drive	Replace with proper Chart Drive

## DPU Troubleshooting Table

Problem	Possible Sources	Probable Cause	Corrective Action
Low or No Indication	Primary Element or DPU	Orifice Installed Backwards or Oversized	Replace Orifice
		Flow Blocked Upstream from Run	Clean Out Run or Open Valve
		Loss of Liquid in Reference Leg (Liquid Level)	Refill Reference Leg
		Density Changes in Process Media or Reference Leg	Refill Reference Leg with Same Density Liquid as Process Media
	Piping from Primary Element to DPU	Pressure tap holes plugged and/or Piping Plugged	Clean Out Piping
		Bypass Valve Open or Leaking	Close Bypass Valve(s) or Repair Leaks
		Liquids or Gases Trapped in Piping	Vent Piping
		Block or Shut-off Valves Closed	Open Block or Shut-off Valves
	Bellows Unit	Piping Leaks on High Pressure Side	Repair Leaks
		Housings Filled Up with Solids Restricting Bellows Movement	Clean Out Housing
		Gas Trapped in Housing in Liquid Service or Liquid Trapped in Housing in Gas Service	Vent Housing
		High Pressure Housing Gasket Leaks	Replace Gasket
High Indication	Primary Source	Orifice Partially Restricted or too Small	Clean Out or Replace
	Piping from Primary Element to DPU	Leak in Low Pressure Side Piping	Repair
	Bellows Unit	Gas Trapped in Low Pressure Housing in Liquid Service or Liquid Trapped in Housing in Gas Service	Vent Housing
		Low Pressure Housing Gasket Leaks	Replace Gasket
		Range Spring Broken or DPU Tampered With	Return BUA for Repair
Erratic Indication	Primary Element	Flow Pulsating	Install Dampening Device Upstream of DPU Run
	Piping from Primary Element to DPU	Liquid Trapped in Gas Piping or Gas Bubble in Liquid Piping	Remove
		Vapor Generator Incorrectly Installed	Repipe
		Reference Leg Gassy or Liquid Vaporizing	See Piping Instructions
	Bellows Unit	Obstructed Bellows Travel	Clean Bellows
		Gas Trapped in DPU High Pressure or Low Pressure Housing	Remove (See Startup Procedure)

**Model 202E (0202-1010.3)**



SIDE VIEW  
PIPE MOUNTING

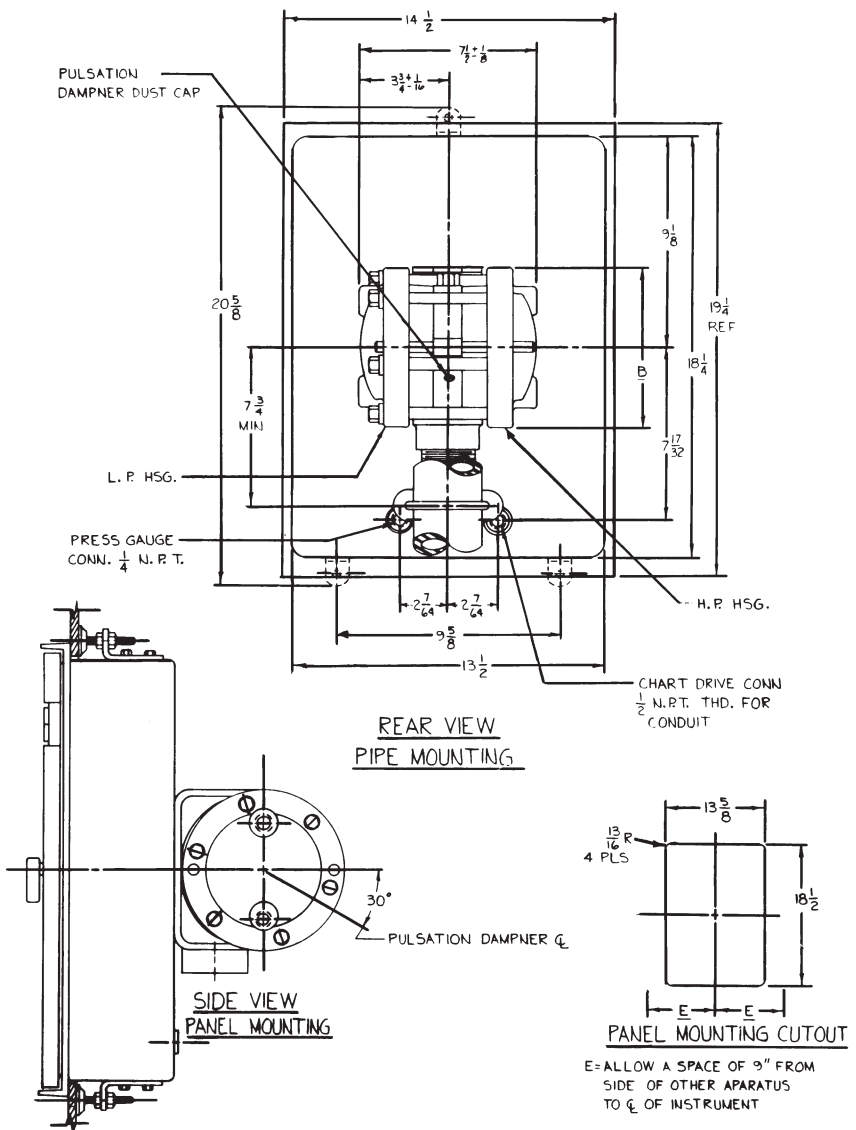
Q OF CASE CONNECTIONS  
WHEN CONNECTIONS ARE  
SWITCHED TO BOTTOM OF CASE

3. ALL STANDARD PIPE FITTINGS FURNISHED BY CUSTOMER.
2. ☒ SUITABLE FOR USE WITH AMINCO FITTINGS AMERICAN  
INST. CO. SILVER SPRINGS MD. OR EQUAL.
1. ☒ CAN BE REVERSED WHEN ORDERED OR CAN  
BE ROTATED 180° IN THE FIELD.

• NOTES:

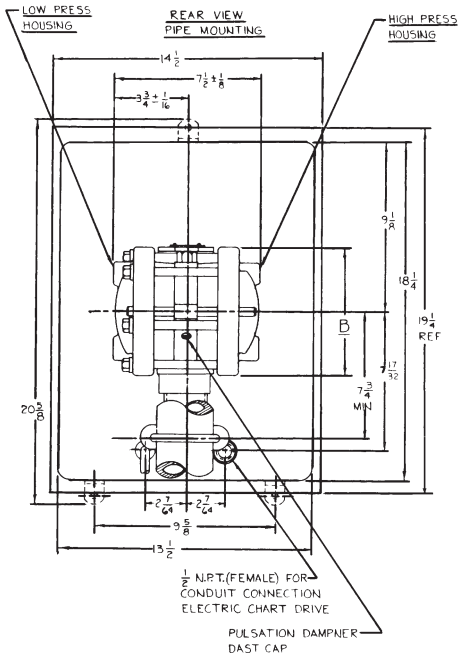
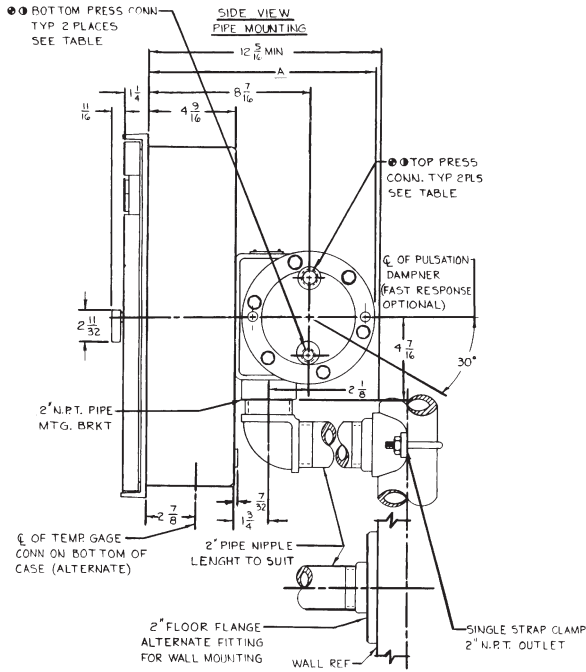
6000 P.S.I.	$\frac{15}{16}$	$\frac{7}{8}$ DIA	2	$2\frac{3}{64}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ N.P.T.	$\frac{1}{4}$ N.P.T.	12	FORGED ALLOY STL 4140 FORGED STNL. STL 329
6000 P.S.I.	$\frac{15}{16}$	$\frac{7}{8}$ DIA	2	2	$\frac{3}{16}$ -18UNF	$\frac{9}{16}$ -18UNF	12	FORGED ALLOY STL 4140 FORGED STNL. STL 329
4500 P.S.I.	$\frac{15}{16}$	$\frac{7}{8}$ DIA	2	$2\frac{3}{64}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ N.P.T.	$\frac{1}{4}$ N.P.T.	12	FORGED ALLOY STL.4140
3000 P.S.I.	$\frac{15}{16}$	$\frac{7}{8}$ DIA	2	$2\frac{3}{64}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ N.P.T.	$\frac{1}{4}$ N.P.T.	12	FORGED ST. STL. 316 MONEL K500
2500 P.S.I.	$\frac{15}{16}$	$\frac{7}{8}$ DIA	2	$2\frac{3}{64}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ N.P.T.	$\frac{1}{4}$ N.P.T.	6	FORGED STL. A.I.S.I.
1000 P.S.I.	$\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{11}{16}$ $\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{65}{64}$ DIA	2	$2\frac{3}{64}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ N.P.T.	$\frac{1}{4}$ N.P.T.	6	FORGED STNL. STL 316 FORGED ST. A.I.S.I. A1018 CAST ALUMINUM 356TG
PRESSURE RATING	DIM. A	DIM. B	DIM.C	DIM.D	TOP PRESS	BOTTOM CONNECTION	NO.OF BOLTS	HOUSING MATERIAL

## WALL MOUNTING

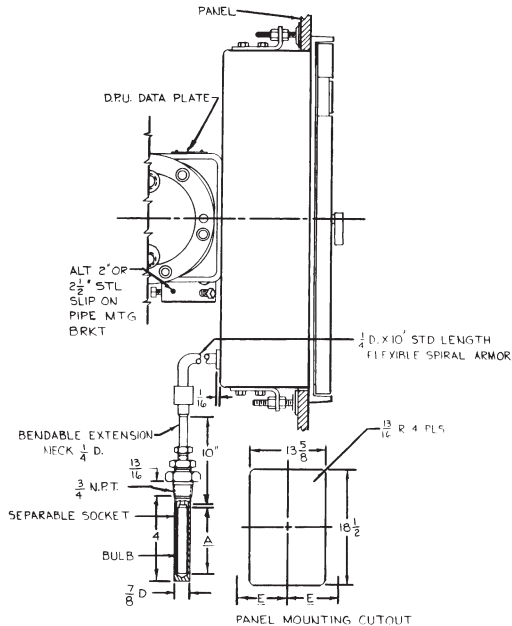


**SECTION 5 - INSTALL/DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS (Cont.)**

**Model 202E w/Temp. Element (0202-1011.3)**



SIDE VIEW  
PANEL MOUNTING



0-300°F	2 1/8
0-200°F	2 7/16
0-150°F	3 3/32
0-120°F	3 1/2
0-100°F	3 5/16
RANGE	DIM. A MAX
TEMP. ELE. DATA	

1250 PSI	1100 PSI	1000 PSI
AT 207°	AT 600°F	AT 800°F
100°F		
SEPARABLE SOCKET		
PRESSURE RATING		

ALLOW A SPACE OF 9" FROM SIDE OF OTHER APPARATUS TO 1/4" OF INSTRUMENT

6000 PSI	1 5/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	12	FORGED ALLOY STL 4142
6000 PSI	1 5/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2	3/16 BUNF	3/16 BUNF	12	FORGED ALLOY STL 4142
4500 PSI	1 5/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	12	FORGED STNL STL 329
3000 PSI	1 11/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	12	FORGED STNL STL 316
2500 PSI	1 5/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	6	MONEL K-500
1000 PSI	1 11/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	6	FORGED STL A152L COB
1000 PSI	1 11/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	6	FORGED STL A152L COB
1000 PSI	1 11/16	7 1/8 DIA	2	2 3/64	1/2 N.P.T.	1/4 N.P.T.	6	CAST ALUMINUM 35012
D.P.U. PRESS. RATING	DIM A	DIM B	DIM C	DIM D	TOP PRESS. CONNECTION	BOTTOM PRESS. CONNECTION	N.O. OF P.N.T.	HOUSING MATERIAL

4. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES.

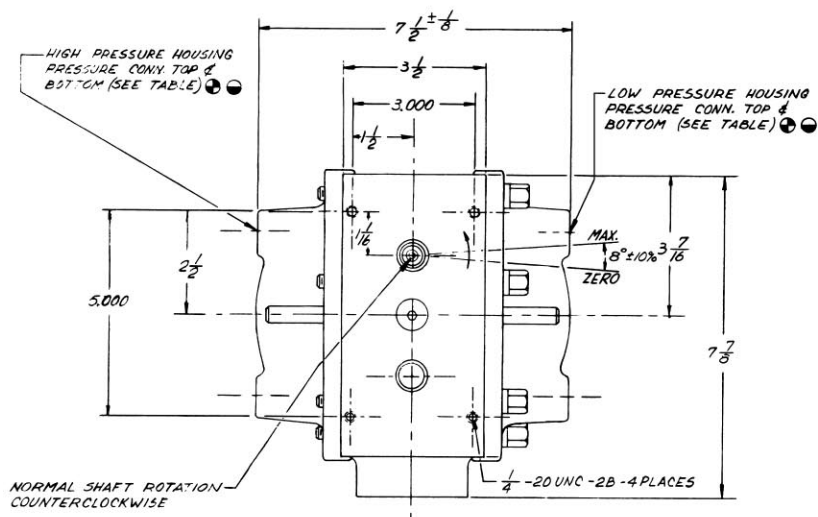
3. ALL STANDARD PIPE FITTINGS FURNISHED BY CUSTOMER.

- 2. SUITABLE FOR USE WITH AMINCO FITTINGS, (AMERICAN INST. CO. SILVER SPRING, MD.) OR EQUIV.
- 1. CAN BE REVERSED WHEN ORDERED OR CAN BE ROTATED 180° IN THE FIELD.

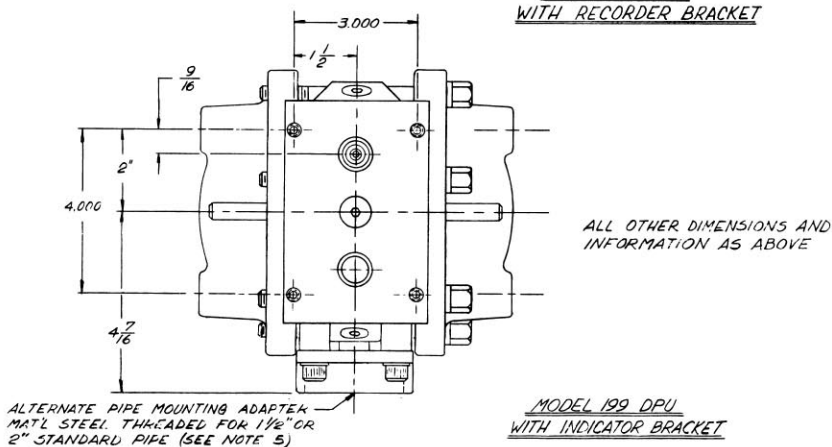
NOTES:

## SECTION 5 - INSTALL/DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS (Cont.)

### Model 199 DPU (0199.0903.3)



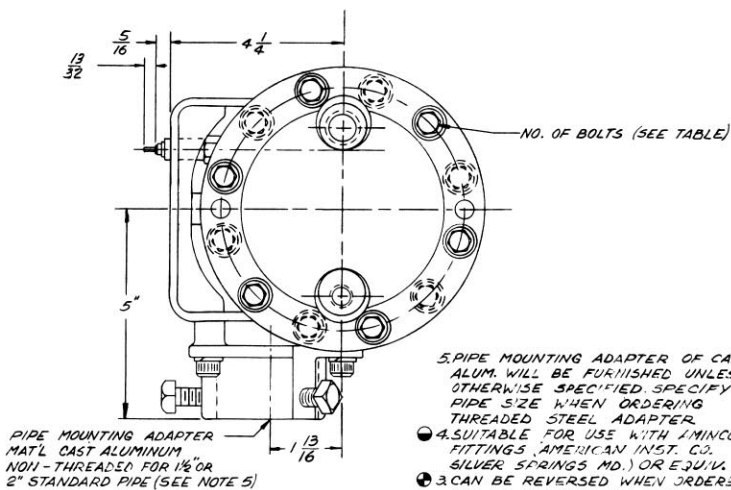
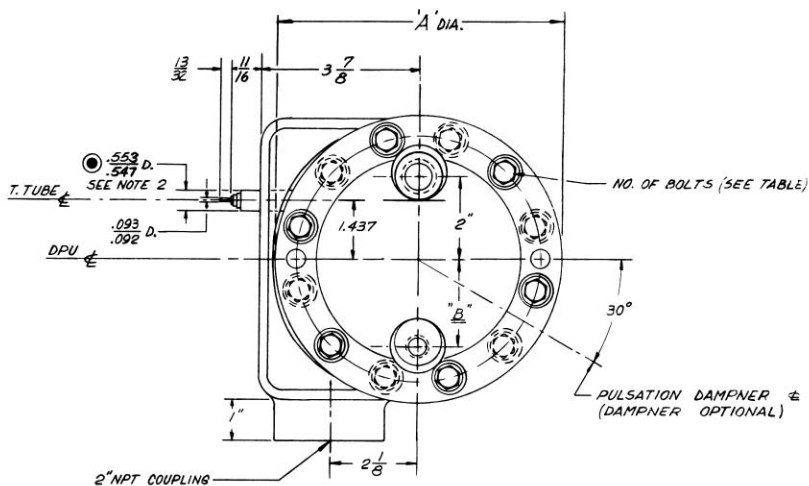
MODEL 199 DPU  
WITH RECORDER BRACKET



MODEL 199 DPU  
WITH INDICATOR BRACKET

1000 PSI	FORGED SST 316	12	6 -5/8	2 -9/64	1/2 NPT	1/4 NPT
	CAST ALUM 356 T6	6				
2500 PSI	FORGED ST AISI C1018	6	7 -1/8			
3000 PSI	CAST MONEL K500	12				
	FORGED SST 316					
	FORGED ST AISI C1018	8				
4500 PSI	FORGED ALLOY ST 4142	12	7 -1/8			
6000 PSI	FORGED ALLOY ST 4142					
	FORGED SST 17-4PH					
6000 PSI	FORGED ALLOY ST 4142	12	7 -1/8			
	FORGED SST 17-4PH					
PRESSURE RATING	HOUSING MATERIAL	NO. OF BOLTS	DIM "A"	DIM "B"	TOP	
					PRESSURE CONNECTION	



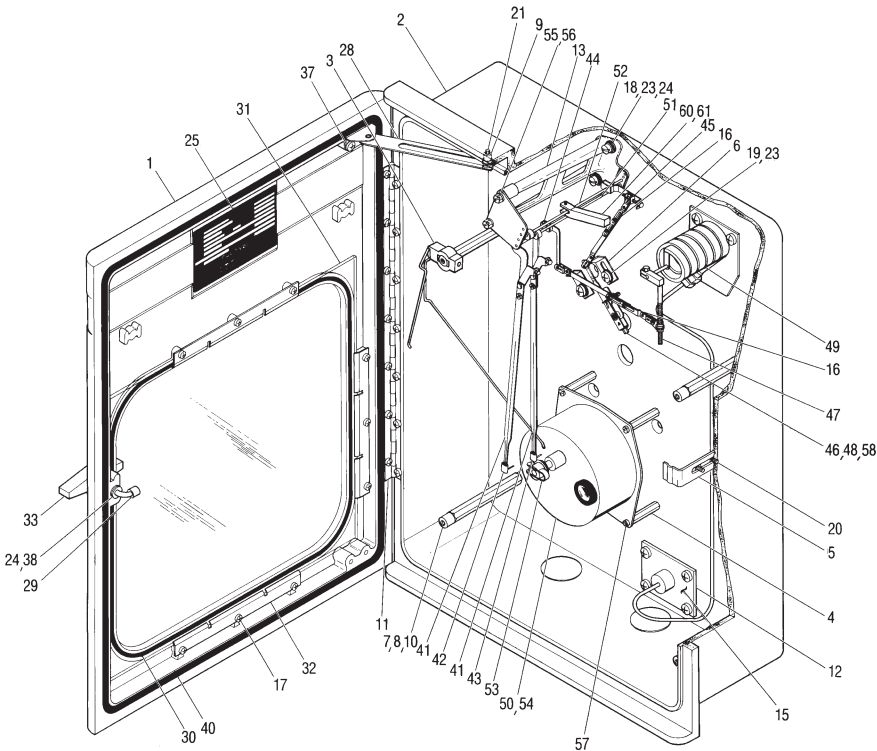


5. PIPE MOUNTING ADAPTER OF CAST ALUM. WILL BE FURNISHED UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. SPECIFY PIPE SIZE WHEN ORDERING THREADED STEEL ADAPTER.
4. SUITABLE FOR USE WITH MINCO FITTINGS (AMERICAN INST. CO. SILVER SPRINGS MO.) OR EQUIV.
3. CAN BE REVERSED WHEN ORDERED OR CAN BE ROTATED 180° IN THE FIELD.
2. USE A 5/8" D. CLEARANCE HOLE ON CASE FOR DIMENSION MARKED (●).
1. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE RATING 200°F

NOTES:

**SECTION 6 - PARTS DRAWING/LIST**

**202E Parts Drawing**

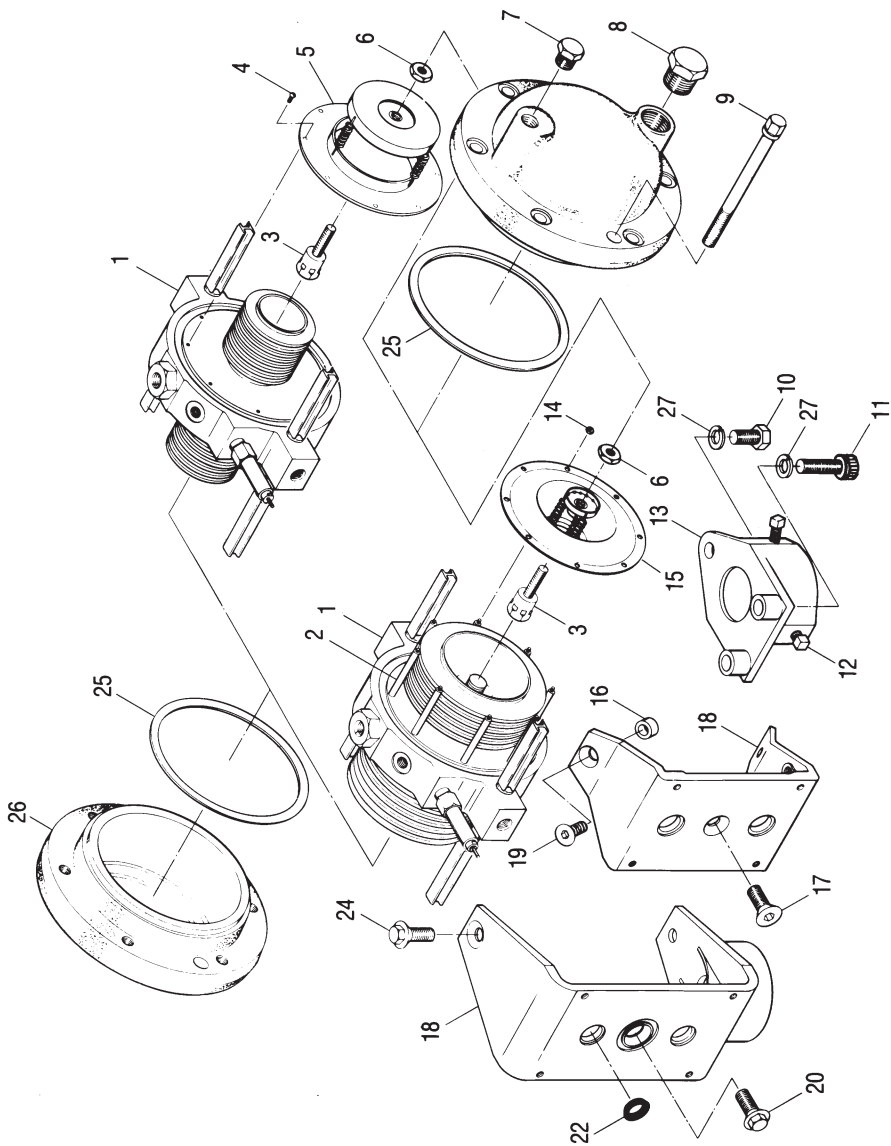


## 202E Parts List

Item	Description	Part No.	Per Unit
1	Door Assembly, Flow Recorder	0238.1023.B	1
2	Case, Flow Recorder	0238.1186.C	1
3	Assembly, Pen Lifter	0238.1159.B	1
4	Riser, Chart Drive	0238.0007.C	3
5	Door Latch	0238.0071.C	1
6	Overrange Stop	0238.0082.C	2
7	Riser, Chart Plate	0238.1210.C	4
8	Screw, Fil. Hd. (Chart Plate)	0114.1036.J	4
9	Bushing, Door Stop	0238.1018.C	1
10	Screw, Cap 1/4-20 x 5/8 (Riser)	S797.0048.Z	4
11	Hinge, Door	0238.1034.C	1
12	Gasket, Cover Plate Connection	0238.0019.C	1
13	Pen Mount Assembly, Dual	0238.0014.B	1
14	Pen Mount Assembly, Single (Not Shown)	0238.0013.B	1
15	Static Pressure Connection Assembly	0238.0046.B	1
16	Link Assembly	0238.0015.B	2
17	Screw, Rd. Hd., Self-Tapping 6-32 x 1/4	0938.0001.J	26
18	Screw, Fil. Hd., 10-32 x 1/2	0114.0031.J	2
19	Screw, Rd. Hd., 10-32 x 5/16	0111.0085.J	10
20	Screw, Self-Tapping, 10-24 x 1/4	0946.0002.J	10
21	Screw, 10-24 x 5/8 SST	0918.1009.J	1
22	Screw, Rd. Hd., (Plug) 10-32 x 1/4 (Not Shown)	0111.0086.J	1
23	Washer, No. 10 Flat	0003.0047.K	4
24	Washer, No. 10, Shakeproof	0003.0033.K	3
25	Plate, Data Flow Recorder	0238.1026.G	1
26	Screw, Self-Tap, 1/4-20 (Not Shown) Hex Hd., C'Sunk Washer	0938.0004.J	4
27	Chart Plate (Not Shown)	0238.0903.C	1
28	Door Stop Assembly	0238.1019.B	1
29	Door Latch Hook Assembly	0238.0029.B	1
30	Gasket, Cover Glass	0238.0015.C	A/R
31	Glass, Cover	0238.0016.C	1
32	Clip, Cover Glass	0238.0017.C	4
33	Assembly, Handle-Door Latch	0238.1038.B	1
34	Bushing, Door Handle (Not Shown)	0238.0094.C	1
35	Not Used	—	—
36	Not Used	—	—
37	Screw, Self-Tapping	0946.0002.J	2
38	Flat Washer	0003.1064.K	2

**202E Parts List** (continued)

Item	Description	Part No.	Per Unit
39	Pin (Not Shown)	0003.0022.T	1
40	Gasket, Door	0096.1003.T	A/R
41	Arm, Fountain Pen (1st or 2nd from Chart)	0238.0088.C	A/R
42	Pen, Fountain (Static) (1st from Chart)	0014.0001.T	1
43	Pen, Fountain (Differential) (2nd from Chart)	0014.0002.T	1
44	Static Shaft Arm Assembly	0202.0034.B	1
45	Range Arm Assembly	0238.0012.B	1
46	Block, Clamp	0250.0003.C	1
47	Lever Arm Assembly	0238.0031.B	1
48	Drive Arm Assembly	0238.0004.B	1
49	Element, Static Pressure	See Table 1-2	
50	Drive Chart	See Table 1-3	
51	Shaft, Pen Arm (1st from Chart)	0238.0006.B	1
52	Shaft, Pen Arm (2nd from Chart)	0238.0007.B	1
53	Hub, Chart	0238.0033.B	1
54	Chart Drive (Not Shown)		1
	Rotation:		
	30 Day	0042.1006.T	
	31 Day	0042.1004.T	
	24 Hour/7 Day	0042.0017.T	
	24 Hour/8 Day	0042.0031.T	
55	Screw, Sl. Hex Hd., 8-32 x 1/4 (Pen Mount, Top Plate)	0116.0014.J	2
56	Washer, Lock #8 (Pen Mount, Top Plate)	0003.0036.K	2
57	Screw, Sl. Fil. Hd., 6-40 x 1/4 (Chart Drive)	0114.0017.J	3
58	Screw, Set, 2-56 x 5/32 (Drive Arm)	0200.0040.C	3
59	Differential Pressure U nit (Not Shown)	Specify	1
60	Counterweight	0238.1165.C	1
61	Screw, Counterweight Clamp	0238.1201.C	1



## 199 DPU Parts List

Item	Description	Part No.	Units
1	Bellows Unit Assembly	(Specify)	1
*2	Post, Calibration Spring Retainer (For 3-3/4" Bellows)	0199.0019.C	4
3	Rod, Spring Push	0199.0049.C	1
*4	Screw, Retainer, 6-32 x 5/16" (For 2-1/8" Bellows)	0111.0049.J	8
*5	Spring Assembly, Calibration Tension (For 2-1/8" Bellows)	(Specify)	1
6	Nut, Lock	0199.0144.C	1
7	Plug, Pipe, 1/4" NPT, Steel	0199.0191.C	2
8	Plug, Pipe, 1/2" NPT, Steel	0199.0192.C	2
9	Bolt, Housing		A/R
	Stainless Steel, 1000 psi Units	0199.1345.C	
	Steel, 2500, 3000, and 4500 psi Units	0199.0085.C	
	Alloy Steel (Stud), 1/2-20 x 6-5/8", 6000 psi Units	0199.1001.C	
*10	Screw, Pipe Mounting Adapter	0210.0012.J	1
11	Screw, SCH Cap, Steel, 3/8-16, 1-1/2" Lg.	0220.1102.J	2
*12	Screw, 3/8-16 x 5/8", Steel (For Item 13)	0310.0013.J	3
13	Adapter, Pipe Mounting	0199.0988.C	1
*14	Nut, Spring Retainer, Stainless Steel (For 3-3/4" Bellows)	0500.0028.J	8
*15	Assembly, Range Spring (For 3-3/4" Bellows)	(Specify)	1
16	Spacer, Indicator Bracket	0199.0006.C	2
17	Screw, Indicator Bracket	0240.0003.J	1
18	Bracket	(Specify)	1
19	Screw, Indicator Bracket	0002.1009.T	2
20	Screw, Recorder Bracket	0002.0034.T	1
21	Deleted		
*22	Gasket, Torque Tube	0199.0209.C	1
23	Deleted	-	-
24	Screw, Recorder Bracket	0002.0033.T	2
*25	Gasket, Pressure Housing		2
	1000 psi Aluminum Units	0199.0026.C	
	2500, 3000 and 4500 psi Steel Units	0199.0027.C	
	1000, 3000, and 6000 psi Stainless Steel & Monel Units	0199.0184.C	
26	Housing, Pressure		
27	Washer, Lock, 3/8" (Used with Items 10 & 11)	(Specify)	2
28	Deleted	0003.0012.K	3
29	Nut, 1/2-20, 6000 and 3000 psi Monel Units (Used with Item 9)	-	-
		0199.1002.C	24
*30	Plug, Dampener Valve (Not Shown)	0117.0015.J	1
31	Deleted	-	-
*32	Wrench, Range Spring Adjustmt (Not Shown)	0199.0142.C	1
33	Keys, Set of Hex, (Not Shown)	0016.0013.T	1

\* Indicates recommended spare parts

A/R As Required

When ordering parts, specify instrument serial number.

## 199 DPU Specifications

MODEL 199	BODY	AVAILABLE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE RANGES			
		Stainless Steel Bellows		Inconel Bellows	
		2-1/8" (55 mm) O.D.	3-3/4" (95 mm) O.D.	2-1/8" (55 mm) O.D.	3-3/4" (95 mm) O.D.
SWP - psi (bar)	Housing Material				
1,000 (69)	Cast Aluminum 356T6				
2,500 (172)	Forged Stainless Steel 316				
	Forged Steel A.I.S.I. C1018				
3,000 (207)	Forged Stainless Steel 316	0-15 psi (0-1 bar) to 0-100 psi (0-6.9 bar)	0-10" w.c. (0-25 mbar) to 0-400" w.c. (0-993 mbar)	0-15 psi (0-1 bar) to 0-100 psi (0-6.9 bar)	0-20" w.c. (0-50 mbar) to 0-400" w.c. (0-993 mbar)
4,500 (310)	Forged Alloy Steel 4142				
6,000 (414)	Forged Alloy Steel 4142 Forged Stainless Steel 17-4 PH				
Net Volume (cu. in.)	L.P. Head	35" (575 cc)	30" (490 cc)	35" (575 cc)	30" (490 cc)
	H.P. Head	31" (510 cc)	26" (425 cc)	31" (510 cc)	26" (425 cc)
Displacement in cu. in. for full-scale travel		0.5" (8.2 cc)	1.5" (25 cc)	0.5" (8.2 cc)	1.5" (25 cc)
PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS					
Torque Tube Rotation (full scale D.P.)		8° ±10%			
Torque Tube Material		Beryllium Copper (BeCu)			
Temperature Limits		-40° F° C to +180° F (+82° C)			
Maximum Non-Linearity					
0-20" to 0-400" w.c. (0-50 mbar to 0-993 mbar)		±0.5% of full scale w/appropriate linkage			
0-15 to 0-100 psi (0-1 bar to 0-6.9 bar)		±0.75% of full scale w/appropriate linkage			
Sensitivity		0.05% of full scale D.P.			
Repeatability		0.10% of full scale D.P.			

**NOTES:** Zero center or split ranges available on special order [e.g., a 0-50" w.c. (0-124 mbar) range may be ordered 25-0-25" w.c. (62-0-62 mbar) or 10-0-40" w.c. (25-0-99 mbar)]. Intermediate differential pressure ranges available from 0-20" w.c. to 0-100 psi (0-50 mbar to 0-6.9 bar). Other sizes and types of connections (welding stubs, MS, A.N.D., etc.) available upon request. Standard pressure connections are 1/2" (top) and 1/4" (bottom) NPT. Range springs are not interchangeable between the different size bellows, the inconel bellows, or the 10" w.c. (25 mbar) range. Can be specified to meet NACE MR-01-75 (Revised '80). Metric conversions are approximate. Outline dimension drawings available upon request.

## Instrument Specifications

Case ..... Die-cast aluminum, black epoxy resin paint,  
waterproof and weather resistant hinged door;  
neoprene gasket seal

DP Accuracy:

0-20" w.c. to 0-349" w.c. ....  $\pm 0.5\%$  of full scale

0-350" w.c. to 0-75 psi .....  $\pm 0.75\%$  of full scale

SP Accuracy .....  $\pm 1.0\%$  of full scale

## Product Warranty

### A. Warranty

NuFlo Technologies, Inc. warrants that at the time of shipment the products manufactured by NuFlo Technologies, Inc. and sold hereunder will be free from defects in material and workmanship, and will conform to the specifications furnished by or approved by NuFlo Technologies, Inc.

### B. Warranty Adjustment

- (1) If any defect within this warranty appears, Buyer shall notify NuFlo Technologies, Inc. immediately.
- (2) NuFlo Technologies, Inc. agrees to repair or furnish a replacement for, but not install, any product which within one (1) year from the date of shipment by NuFlo Technologies, Inc. shall, upon test and examination by NuFlo Technologies, Inc., prove defective within the above warranty.
- (3) No product will be accepted for return or replacement without the written authorization of NuFlo Technologies, Inc. Upon such authorization, and in accordance with instructions by NuFlo Technologies, Inc., the product will be returned shipping charges prepaid by Buyer. Replacements made under this warranty will be shipped prepaid.

### C. Exclusions from Warranty

- (1) THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE.
- (2) Components manufactured by any supplier other than NuFlo Technologies, Inc. shall bear only the warranty made by the manufacturer of that product, and NuFlo Technologies, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the performance or reliability of the unit as a whole.
- (3) "In no event shall NuFlo Technologies, Inc. be liable for indirect, incidental, or consequential damages nor shall the liability of NuFlo Technologies, Inc. arising in connection with any products sold hereunder (whether such liability arises from a claim based on contract, warranty, tort, or otherwise) exceed the actual amount paid by Buyer to NuFlo Technologies, Inc. for the products delivered hereunder."
- (4) The warranty does not extend to any product manufactured by NuFlo Technologies, Inc. which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation or to use in violation of instructions furnished by NuFlo Technologies, Inc.
- (5) The warranty does not extend to or apply to any unit which has been repaired or altered at any place other than at NuFlo Technologies, Inc.'s factory or service locations by persons not expressly approved by NuFlo Technologies, Inc.



**NuFlo Measurement Systems**

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